



## **Physical Contact Policy**

Physical contact during sailing activities should always be intended to meet the child's needs, NOT the adults. The adult will probably use appropriate contact when the aim is to assist in development of the skill or for safety reasons. Examples where adults may need to make physical contact with a child to support them are as follows:

- First Aid situations where the casualty may need to be moved or supported into a position or may need their wetsuit / raingear taken off for CPR/ AED access and will abide by the UN Convention of "Assumed Consent" to conduct basic life support to the casualty.
- Spotting a trainee on a trapeze simulator in case they sailor slips off the deck, it is important to be standing in a secure stance with an open hand-held between the shoulder blades to prevent the person from hitting their head-first on to the ground.
- Assisting a person to zip up the back of the wetsuit or assisting with a heel hook to get the wetsuit off the ankle when someone is too cold post water activity. This should be done in an open area where others can support the child if needed.
- Lifting, pulling or dragging a person over the side of a rescue boat or dinghy in a man overboard recovery scenario, when the person asks or needs assistance to get back into or onto the vessel. It is important to ensure your own safety first and apply correct lifting techniques as per manual handling training and where possible utilise equipment such as hoists, slings, ladders, ropes to assist first.
- Physical movement or manipulation of the trainee to demonstrate how to perform a
  manoeuvre using kinaesthetic methodology such as lifting a person's foot to feel the power
  affecting a windsurfing board or turning a hand with a tiller exercise.

There are many other examples and variations of the above that involve physical contact which occur as part of the sport and the following considerations should always be followed:

- All contact should be in an open environment with the permission and understanding of the
  participant, when not possible another adult or some other children should attend to
  support and bare witness as appropriate facilitating the persons privacy and dignity
- Contact should be determined by the age and developmental stage of the participant Don't do something that a child can do for themselves
- Never engage in inappropriate touching such as touching of groin, genital areas, buttocks, breasts or any other part of the body that might cause a child distress or embarrassment

## **Toileting/Intimate Care**

Children with specific toileting/intimate care needs: Where a child or young person is considering attending at or participating at any activities organised by the RSGYC that has specific toileting needs, it may be necessary that prior to such attendance or participation, that a meeting is held between the Children's Officer, Senior Instructor/ Member, the child or young person wishing to attend along with the child's parents/guardians where the needs of the child should be addressed and agreement reached that those needs can be met.





The RSGYC accepts that it is fundamental to those who may be involved with the intimate care of the child, agree practices which are acceptable to the club, the child and the parents/guardian. While it may be feasible for the child concerned to have a personal care assistant, practices agreed should be sufficiently flexible to cover unforeseen situations, e.g. if personnel care assistant involved in assisting the child are absent.